

The Bisbee Daily Review

Published Every Day Except Monday by the
State Consolidated Publishing Company

Business Office—Phone No. 39.
.. Branch Connecting All Departments. ..

Advertising Rates on Application.
Entered as Second Class Mail Matter at Bisbee, Arizona,
Under Act of March 3, 1879.

Subscription Rates, Payable in Advance:
PER MONTH75
THREE MONTHS 2.25
SIX MONTHS 4.00
TWELVE MONTHS 7.50
SUNDAY (Our Weekly) per year 2.50
SUNDAY (Our Weekly) per quarter75
No Subscription Taken For Less Than 75 Cents

PHONE NO. 39.

Review subscribers not receiving a copy of The Bisbee Daily Review before 8 a. m. will get one promptly by special Western Union Messenger by telephoning the Circulation Department, No. 39. The Review will consider it a favor if any irregularity of delivery is reported to the Circulation Department. The Messenger service applies to Bisbee only.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1916

IN ALL FAIRNESS.

That the people of the State of Arizona, who place the prohibition issue above every other question before the people, should condemn the candidacy of Chief Justice Henry D. Ross for reelection to the supreme bench on the ground that he concurred with the court in the "personal use" case, seems obviously unfair and unjust. Moreover, very unfortunately, if the campaign against the Democratic candidate is continued it promises to react against the very amendment which all good-thinking people may support—the law which will really carry out the state's end of the Webb-Kenyon Bill.

It would appear that certain of the prohibition leaders take the position that the supreme court should have declared, in the Sturgeon case, that the law was absolutely correct in every detail. They maintain that the highest tribunal in the state should have taken a position against precedent and law in the case and are now supporting Judge Otis J. Baughn for the supreme court because he is credited with the assertion that he would do all he could, if elected, to counteract the effect of the decision.

In all fairness to Judge Baughn it is inconceivable to believe that he made such a statement. He is too able a lawyer to take a position of that kind in the face of such precedent and law. From Samuel D. Weakley, former chief justice of the state of Alabama who writes: "I have been fighting for prohibition in Alabama since 1907, and have drafted all the prohibition laws enacted by the state from 1907 to the present time", there is a declaration that the Arizona supreme court's decision in the Sturgeon case, "should be entirely satisfactory to all prohibitionists".

Judge Weakley's letter, in part, follows: "I have read the decision of the Supreme Court of Arizona in the Sturgeon case and it is evident from the opinion of the Court that had there been in Arizona a law against the receipt and possession of liquor as there is in Alabama, it would have been sustained by the Court. In that opinion the Supreme Court goes as far towards restraining and restricting liquor shipments for personal use as any Supreme Court in the country. The court expressly approved the Idaho decision in Ex parte Crane, and the principle laid down in the Sturgeon case would support a statute or constitutional amendment so framed as to harmonize and fit in with the Webb-Kenyon law. After reading the opinion of the Supreme Court in the Sturgeon case, I am satisfied that the case was correctly decided upon the ground that the amendment did not fail within the terms of the Webb-Kenyon law, but I am further more of the opinion that the Court laid down principles that should be entirely satisfactory to prohibitionists and that should render it easy to meet the difficulty either by adopting the proposed amendment or by having a statute directed against receipt and possession of liquor, since such a statute would put into operation the Webb-Kenyon law. This principle has been precisely so decided by the Supreme Court of Alabama and by the Supreme Court of North Carolina and very recently by a majority, or four out of five judges of the South Carolina Supreme Court. The opinion in the Sturgeon case was very carefully prepared and is well supported by the authorities which it cites, and I am satisfied that no just ground of complaint can be made against the court, or any member thereof, on account of that decision."

All right thinking prohibitionists should approve of the court's decision. From every authority obtainable its decision was based upon *Law*. Most certainly the people who desire actual prohibition do not wish an amendment which will not stand the test to the very highest tribunal in the United States. The remedy for a faulty law is apparent and the prohibitionists are now taking advantage of it. Should it be passed it will be a bulwark against liquor and will mean actual prohibition.

The hurtful part of the entire matter is that the prohibitionists' zeal in the matter, if it takes upon

itself a campaign against Judge Ross, may act as a boomerang against the very measure which will solve the entire question.

It is to be hoped that such a campaign will not be maintained. Most certainly Judge Baughn, who is a capable and honest man and lawyer, can not countenance such work in his behalf and in all fairness to the incumbent it should be stopped.

TRAFFIC OFFICER NEEDED.

Though the needs of a traffic officer for the streets and roads in the Warren District has often been commented upon in the columns of *The Review*, the accidents of Sunday and the gradual increase in motor traffic makes this need imperative. It is high time that the various organizations in the Warren District, the Auto Club, the Commercial Club, the Business Men's Association and the City Council, petition the Board of Supervisors for such an officer. As a result of the abuse of sensible traffic regulations two young men, coming to a time of life when they could have been of use to themselves and to the community, are dead. B. F. Campbell, age 22, died Sunday afternoon, never regaining consciousness after he was thrown from his speeding motorcycle on Naco Road, near Tin Town. Harry Henderson, age 18, is also dead as the result of an accident on Naco Road near the Calumet and Arizona hospital. Several people were more or less shaken up and bruised in road accidents on Sunday and as many machines were broken and damaged.

Certainly there must be a cure for this state of affairs!

The unfortunate part of the situation is the fact that those who drive motor vehicles carefully are menaced quite as much as those who are reckless. The man or woman who drives an automobile, with thought for the other fellow and for the pedestrian, is at a distinct disadvantage and, quite frequently, suffers more in road accidents than does the man who is driving fast and with no thought for anything except speed.

Natural traffic conditions in the Warren District are worse than in any community in the country. With the increase in the number of automobiles this state of affairs is gradually becoming worse. Witness conditions any night on Naco road between the city limits and Lowell or between Lowell and Warren or Lowell and Don Luis, for proof of the assertion. Due to the employment of a traffic officer in Bisbee the abuse of sensible driving regulations has been greatly reduced. Though there is still abuse of the city's traffic regulations (which will never be entirely overcome) accidents in the city limits and danger to pedestrians and to other drivers have been greatly reduced.

The board of supervisors can, by the adoption of rules, regulate the speed and traffic conditions on any road in the county. This should be done, and at once. The same board should be petitioned to authorize the sheriff to put on his force a competent motorcycle officer to police the roads in the District and, at times, the road between Douglas and Bisbee.

Residents of the District and of the county are, justly wrathful over the violation of sensible traffic laws. Some change is imperative. An officer, who will enforce the regulations, regardless, is needed and his presence will do wonders to decrease the appalling toll of death and injury which is now the portion of this section.

GOOD WORK.

The work of the city police department, in co-operation with the deputy United States Marshal in cleaning up "hop joints" is most commendable. There is still room for improvement and, undoubtedly, the city, county and federal officers will work to the end that Bisbee may not be, justly, called a rendezvous for that derelict of humanity—a drug user.

With the passage of the Harrison act and with the enforcement of its provisions by the government there was a sudden influx of drug users to the border country. Bisbee, being fortunate in its location—nine miles from a Mexican port of entry—has been remarkably free from the evil. Douglas, Nogales and El Paso have been the drug-ridden communities of the section and through no fault of their officers.

In cleaning out this element, crime in all of its branches is reduced to a minimum. A drug user will stop at nothing to secure the necessary morphine or cocaine or opium to appease his jaded nerves and ridden constitution. As a consequence they are a menace to the good of the community and any effort to eliminate them from the city is deserving of approbation.

The height of indolence comes to light in Apache county where the people who like pinions, a delicious little nut, wait until the squirrels gather them for a winter supply of food and then rob the little rodents' nests.

The Republican party whose majority in Congress voted for the passage of the Eight-Hour Law, might have former Speaker Cannon answer the criticism of the Presidential candidate of their action. He and sixty-nine other Republicans voted for the measure.

The Democratic Tariff law which has stood the test of foreign war will as truly stand the test of foreign peace.

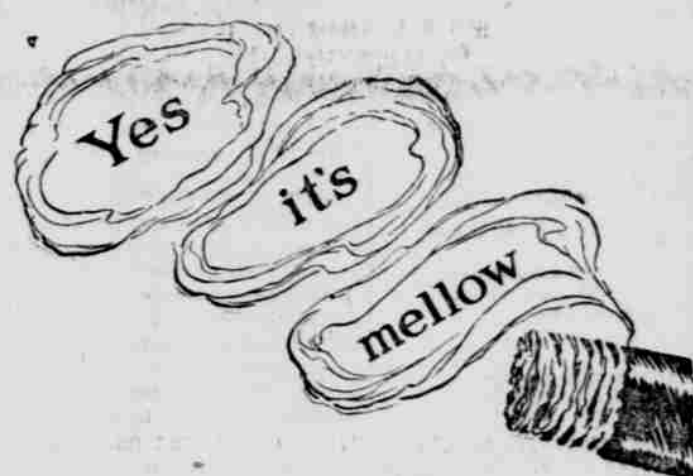
AT ITS BEST G. O. P. FAILED SAYS LANE

(Continued from Page 1)
cause people at war don't want judges; they want partisans." He added: "Perhaps you think it did not take courage to speak the direct word when spies filled the country and every mail brought their threat of death and every coward of a politician prophesied political death. Whether Woodrow Wilson lives to write his autobiography or commits to other hands the documentary history of his administration, the world will know that he had nerve as well as patriotism and good sense." The secretary went on to say that "he misunderstands the spirit of this country who believes that by appeals, no matter how artful or covert, to sectional prejudice, to religious prejudice, to class prejudice or to race prejudice, he can overthrow the generosity and the idealism of the people of this land." FRENCH SMASH

FRENCH GAIN FOUR MILES AT VERDUN

(Continued from Page One)
are giving no rest to the Russians and Rumanians, who continue to retreat along the entire front from the Black Sea to the Danube River, although at some points they are vigorously opposing the advance of the invaders.

Teutons Capture 8,700
Rachova, on the river a short distance below Tchernavoda, and Medjdie on the railway between Tchernavoda and Constanza, have fallen into the hands of the Teutonic allies. In the latter region cavalry is pursuing the retreating Russo-Rumanian armies, while to the north of the Danube more than 8,700 prisoners have been taken by Field Marshal von Mackensen.



How do you make
the Owl mellow?

"JUST use mellow tobacco,"
says Alec Wise-acres.

But wait! Mellow means
"thoroughly cured." And curing
takes time. 18 months it
takes—sometimes longer.

No ordinary, slap-dash manufacturing
method will turn out a sure-
enough mellow cigar. You've got to
be sure every leaf is mellow before
you use it.

They do this in the OWL factories.
It takes a lot of time. It takes
work—careful work. It takes an
investment of over a million dollars in
reserve leaf that is waiting to reach
the proper degree of mellowness.

But the results make the effort
worth while. For the OWL is a
mellow smoke.



The Million
Dollar Cigar

M. A. GUNST & CO.
INCORPORATED

MINERS AND MERCHANTS BANK

IT IS WORTH
YOUR WHILE

to have an account with the Miners and
Merchants Bank and make regular de-
posits.

Soon you will have a good size fund to
your credit. Why not begin now? Come
in and start an account.

4 per cent Interest Paid on Time De-
posits.

DEPOSITS OVER A MILLION AND A HALF DOLLARS



With Money

That's the way wealth has been gained ever since the
world started.

Every dollar you deposit at Our Savings Depart-
ment is making money for you with the four per cent
interest which this bank allows.

Get your savings account started and MAKE IT
GROW!

Citizens Bank & Trust Company

Main Street
Will E. McKee, President
O. W. Wolf, Assistant Cashier.
Bisbee, Arizona
C. A. McDonald, Cashier.

SAVE EXPENSE

It saves considerable time and money to
pay by check and you have the satisfaction
of knowing that you are making the most
business-like settlement.

Have YOU a Checking Account—have
you one here?

BAND WITH US.

THE BANK OF BISBEE

BISBEE, ARIZONA